## **Glossary of terms - language**

**Assonance** – Repetition of vowel sounds to create internal rhyming.

Alliteration - The same sound is repeated at the start of words that are close together.

**Connotation -** The meanings implied by a particular word.

Hyperbole - Extreme exaggeration.

**Imagery** - To use figurative language to create a vivid picture in the mind of the reader.

Juxtaposition - Two directly contrasting ideas.

Line - a unit of language into which a poem is divided

Metaphor - A figure of speech that compares unlike objects.

**Meter** – a stressed and unstressed syllabic pattern within the lines of a poem; it gives poetry a rhythmical sound

Personification - When animals or objects are said to have human characteristics.

**Rhyme** - When two or more words have the same sound at the end of a line.

Simile - A comparison when we say one thing is 'like' something else

Stanza - a group of a certain number of lines, usually four



**Theme –** The central idea of the poem; what it is about.

**Tone** - The emotion that the author is feeling as they write.